

Pruebas de Acceso a Enseñanzas Universitarias Oficiales de Grado Mayores 25 y 45 años

Castilla y León

LENGUA EXTRANJERA: INGLÉS

EXAMEN

2 páginas

OPTION A

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SPANISH TOURIST KILLED WHILE BATHING ELEPHANT

A 22-year-old Spanish female tourist died on Friday after being attacked by an elephant she was bathing in Thailand. She was washing the animal at the Koh Yao Elephant Care Centre when it sank its tusk in her, later leading to her death. Experts said that the elephant had likely become stressed due to the pressure of living and interacting with tourists outside of its ecosystem. Washing elephants and bathing with them are popular activities for tourists in Thailand.

The country's department of national parks estimates that more than 4,000 wild elephants live in its sanctuaries, national parks and nature reserves, and that there are a similar number of domesticated elephants, which are mostly used in tourist shows. The World Animal Protection organization estimates there are 2,798 elephants held in tourism sites across the country. The non-profit organization has previously warned that the animals are often kept in isolation, and made to perform tricks and activities that are unnatural. The group has also said so-called "trainers" often use cruel, punishment-based training, including hitting them with sticks or sharp metal objects.

According to data from the Thai department of national parks, there have been at least 227 deaths caused by wild elephant attacks in the past 12 years, including 39 fatalities in 2024. Most attacks occur with wild elephants, which sometimes cross into areas inhabited by people because of the loss of natural habitat. Elephants are rarely aggressive but can react if they feel threatened, or to protect their young.

OUESTIONS

1. Translate the following paragraph into Spanish (4 points).

According to data from the Thai department of national parks, there have been at least 227 deaths caused by wild elephant attacks in the past 12 years, including 39 fatalities in 2024. Most attacks occur with wild elephants, which sometimes cross into areas inhabited by people because of the loss of natural habitat.

- 2. Read the text and answer the questions. Use your own words. Answers will be assessed from 0 to 1 (2 points as a whole).
 - a) What happened to the 22-year-old Spanish female tourist in Thailand?
 - b) When do elephants react aggressively, as mentioned in the text?
- 3. Complete the following sentences. Use the appropriate form of the word in brackets when given. Answers will be assessed from 0 to 0.5 each (4 points as a whole).

Wildlife experts say elephants have been (1. exhibit) more aggressive behavior toward people
because of growing pressure on their habitats. According (2.) the World Wildlife Fund,
elephants have killed more (3.) 200 people in Kenya over the last seven years. In India, several
hundred people (4. die) each year because of elephant encounters, said Joshua Plotnik, an elephant
behavior (5.) cognition researcher at Hunter College in New York. "As human development
expands and natural elephant habitat (6. decrease), the frequency of interactions has
increased," Plotnik said. "This leads to more elephant and human deaths." Wildlife experts say African
elephants need a prodigious amount (7.) space and resources to survive. However, human
development has been slowly taking over their habitat. Tourists on safari are also (8. take) up
more of their shrinking space.



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OPTION B

WANT TO EAT WELL IN 2025? TAKE OUR 5-DAY CHALLENGE

Yes, it probably contains items like potato chips and hot dogs. But ultra-processed foods is a wide-ranging category that also includes foods you might associate with nutritious eating, like many whole grain breads, breakfast cereals, and flavored yogurts. This can make recognizing them confusing.

Ultra-processed foods are any foods or drinks made with ingredients you wouldn't typically find in a home kitchen. These include artificial flavors, hydrogenated oils, synthetic food colorants, and emulsifiers that help blend ingredients that don't normally mix (like oil and water). About 58 percent of the American diet is ultra-processed. And scientists have found associations between ultra-processed foods and a number of health conditions, including heart disease, Type 2 diabetes, and mental health issues like anxiety and depression.

On Jan. 6, 2025, we'll begin a week of evidence-based tips that will help you understand more about ultra-processed foods: What's in them? How can you identify them? And what small changes can you make to your plate for better health? To receive each day's challenge, make sure you're signed up for the *Eat Well* newsletter, which is available exclusively to *New York Times* subscribers. An email will arrive in your inbox each morning from Jan. 6 to Jan. 10. Once the challenge ends, you will get our *Eat Well* newsletter, which features guidance to live your healthiest life, delivered every Thursday.

QUESTIONS

1. Translate the following paragraph into Spanish (4 points).

Ultra-processed foods are any foods or drinks made with ingredients you wouldn't typically find in a home kitchen. These include artificial flavors, hydrogenated oils, synthetic food colorants, and emulsifiers that help blend ingredients that don't normally mix (like oil and water).

- 2. Read the text and answer the questions. Use your own words. Answers will be assessed from 0 to 1 (2 points as a whole).
 - a) What ingredients can be found in ultra-processed foods?
 - b) What do you have to do to receive each day's challenge?
- 3. Complete the following sentences. Use the appropriate form of the word in brackets when given. Answers will be assessed from 0 to 0.5 each (4 points as a whole).

So, are ultra-processed foods worth	(1. eliminate) from your diet? Let us
•	llenge is not about adjusting your diet. It's full
(3.) fun, illuminating experiments(4	.) will help you get a closer look(5.) ultra-processed
foods and your relationship to them. There	(6.) be taste tests, recipes, a trip to the grocery store
and other surprises.	
Jancee Dunn, Eat Well's columnist, will be yo	ur guide, along(7.) Alice Callahan, our nutrition
reporter, who has covered ultra-processed food	ls extensively. We'll also talk to various nutrition and food
science experts. We hope you will end the wee	ek (8. feel) more capable and confident in your
food choices, and with a few new habits for a	nealthier year ahead.